

Academic year 2017-18

Subject 11461 - Geographical Information

Systems for Tourism Management

Group 2, 1S, METM

Syllabus A Language English

Subject

Name 11461 - Geographical Information Systems for Tourism Management Credits 0.72 in-class (18 hours) 2.28 distance (57 hours) 3 total (75 hours).

Group Group 2, 1S, METM (Campus Extens)

Period First semester Language English

Lecturers

Lecturers	Office hours for students						
Lecturers	Starting time Finishing time	Day	Start date	End date	Office		
Ivan Murray Mas ivan.murray@uib.cat	16:30 18:00	Tuesday	13/02/2018	29/05/2018	45 Beatriu de Pinós		

Context

Geographic Information Systems (GIS) are capable to integrate cartographic information with thematic data, providing a wide range of application possibilities for tourism planning and management. GIS are able to acquire, manipulate, analyze, manage, visualize and cartography all kind of information based upon its spatial location and relationships. Nowadays, GIS represent an easily usable technology with great potentialities for tourism research.

This course is an introduction to GIS and the use of some of its most relevant capabilities applied to the field of Tourism research, including the creation of socio-economic cartography and spatial analysis. Geographic Information Systems for Tourism Management is an instrumental course aimed to provide the students a useful selection of tools to resolve geographical problems concerning tourism analysis, planning and management.

Requirements

Essential requirements

Students must have user-level computer handling.

Recommended

Students with previous experience with some GIS software and knowledge about cartography will carry out the tasks more easily.

Skills

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Specific

* METME CE8 - To know and understand the diverse impact that different tourism development alternatives can have on social wellbeing (environment, health, equality of opportunities, etc.)..

- * METME CE10 To develop skills that facilitate integration into labour markets related to the tourism industry and, especially, to the companies and institutions that monitor and evaluate projects and programmes in the tourism environment..
- * MDPL CE1 Learn how to deal with techniques of data collection and analysis and their application in the tourism sector..
- * MDPL CE16 Learn how to deal with the different information and communication technologies associated with geographical information systems for tourism analysis and planning..
- * MDPL CE19 Command analytical and observational strategies developed from the usual methods of geographical research based on field trips, laboratory (scientific and computational), and concreteness in office work companies and tourism organizations.

Generic

- * METME CG1 To know the new tendencies emerging in the tourism system and the challenges faced by it, at the same time deepening the knowledge of advanced economic analysis, and making possible the development of an innovative vision to provide ideas and solutions..
- * METME CG4 To be able to interpret and evaluate critically the results obtained regarding the sustainability and competitiveness of the tourism system..
- * METME CG8 To know how to apply information and communications technology (ICT) in the context of tourism projects..
- * MDPL CG1 Know how to find, process and analyze information concerning the tourism sector from different sources..
- * MDPL CG4 Know the fundamentals and apply methodologies suitable for the analysis of the tourism sector..

Transversal

- * MDPL CT3 Oral and written communication in English..
- * MDPL CT4 Information management skills..
- * MDPL CT6 Being able to take decisions and solve problems..

Basic

* You may consult the basic competencies students will have to achieve by the end of the Master's degree at the following address: http://estudis.uib.cat/master/comp basiques/

Content

Theme content

- 1. Introduction to Geographic Information Systems
 - 1.1. GIS definition, components and functions.
 - 1.2. GIS data models: vectorial and raster.
- 2. Geographical Information acquisition
 - 2.1. Geographical Information definition and components.
 - 2.2. CARTOSSIGT server.

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2.3. Accessing public institutions data.

- 3. Thematic mapping of socio-economic variables
 - 3.1. Population, population density and income maps.
 - 3.2. Land cover and land cover changes.
- 4. Network Analysis applied to tourism management
 - 4.1.. Optimal routes calculation.
 - 4.2.. Market Service Areas analysis.

Teaching methodology

In-class work activities

Modality	Name	Typ. Grp.	Description	Hours
Theory classes	Lectures	Large group (G)	The teacher will develop orally each part in order to set the conceptual and procedural basis for the understanding of the course.	8
Seminars and workshops	Workshop	Medium group (M) Students must solve spatial problems using the methodology proposed by the teacher.	2
Practical classes	Spatial problems and GIS	Large group (G)	Students must consolidate the learning by completing a collection of exercises proposed by the teacher, who will previously demonstrate how to solve them and help the students during the process.	4
Assessment	Assessment	Large group (G)	Teacher and students make a participatory review of the exercices	4

At the beginning of the semester a schedule of the subject will be made available to students through the UIBdigital platform. The schedule shall at least include the dates when the continuing assessment tests will be conducted and the hand-in dates for the assignments. In addition, the lecturer shall inform students as to whether the subject work plan will be carried out through the schedule or through another way included in the Campus Extens platform.

Distance education work activities

Modality	Name	Description	Hours
Group or individu self-study	al Practical classes dossier	Students must produce a dossier containing the collection of exercises developed during practical classes.	57



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Specific risks and protective measures

The learning activities of this course do not entail specific health or safety risks for the students and therefore no special protective measures are needed.

Student learning assessment

Workshop

Modality Seminars and workshops
Technique Papers and projects (retrievable)

Description Students must solve spatial problems using the methodology proposed by the teacher.

Assessment criteria

Final grade percentage: 15% with minimum grade 4.5

Spatial problems and GIS

Modality Practical classes

Technique Attitude scales (non-retrievable)

Description Students must consolidate the learning by completing a collection of exercises proposed by the teacher, who

will previously demonstrate how to solve them and help the students during the process.

Assessment criteria

Final grade percentage: 10% with minimum grade 4.5

Assessment

Modality Assessment

Technique Oral tests (retrievable)

Description Teacher and students make a participatory review of the exercices

Assessment criteria

Final grade percentage: 25% with minimum grade 4.5

Practical classes dossier

Modality Group or individual self-study

Technique Student internship dissertation (retrievable)

Description Students must produce a dossier containing the collection of exercises developed during practical classes.

Assessment criteria

Final grade percentage: 50% with minimum grade 4.5

Resources, bibliography and additional documentation

Basic bibliography

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Mitchell, A. (2001) The ESRI Guide to GIS Analysis Volume 1: Geographic Patterns & Relationships. Esri Press, New York.

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Puebla, J. G., & Gould, M. (1994).SIG: Sistemas de información geográfica. Síntesis.

Wong, W. S. D., & Lee, J. (2005). Statistical analysis of geographic information with ArcView GIS and ArcGIS(pp. xiii-446). Wiley.

Complementary bibliography

Bahaire, T. & Elliott-White, M. (1999). The Application of Geographical Information Systems (GIS) in Sustainable Tourism Planning: A Review

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Boers, B. & Cottrell, S. (2007). Sustainable Tourism Infrastructure Planning: A GIS-Supported Approach. Tourism Geographies, 9, 1-21.

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